

Subtraction mental strategies – addition and subtraction

Knowing one addition fact means you also know two related subtraction facts.
Because $7 + 3 = 10$ you know that $10 - 7 = 3$ and $10 - 3 = 7$

1 Make a group of facts for each pair of numbers. The first one has been done for you.

a

15	35
$15 + 35 = 50$	
$50 - 15 = 35$	
$50 - 35 = 15$	

b

45	55

c

73	27

d

105	15

e

120	10

f

135	10

2 Complete each number trail:

a

150	$\xrightarrow{+10}$		$\xrightarrow{-15}$		$\xrightarrow{+50}$		$\xrightarrow{+30}$	
-----	---------------------	--	---------------------	--	---------------------	--	---------------------	--

b

200	$\xrightarrow{-50}$		$\xrightarrow{+25}$		$\xrightarrow{-30}$		$\xrightarrow{+55}$	
-----	---------------------	--	---------------------	--	---------------------	--	---------------------	--

c

99	$\xrightarrow{+11}$		$\xrightarrow{+50}$		$\xrightarrow{+50}$		$\xrightarrow{-20}$	
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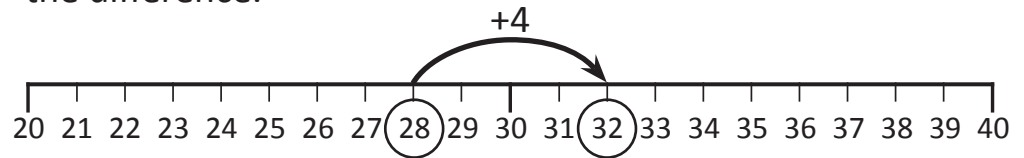
d

76	$\xrightarrow{+24}$		$\xrightarrow{+35}$		$\xrightarrow{+15}$		$\xrightarrow{-25}$	
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Subtraction mental strategies – subtraction strategy review

Look for patterns: $6 - 2 = 4$ so $60 - 20 = 40$ and $600 - 200 = 400$
 $72 - 9 = 63$ so $62 - 9 = 53$ and $52 - 9 = 43$

Count on: When numbers are close together, you can count on to find the difference.



Complements: $35 + 65 = 100$ so $100 - 35 = 65$
 $12 + 8 = 20$ so $20 - 8 = 12$

Near doubles: See: $15 - 7$ Think: $(14 - 7) + 1$

- 1 This hundred grid makes it easier to see subtraction patterns. Use it to complete the sets.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70
71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

Set 1			Set 2		
17	- 9 =	<input type="text"/>	21	- 6 =	<input type="text"/>
27	- 9 =	<input type="text"/>	31	- 6 =	<input type="text"/>
37	- 9 =	<input type="text"/>	41	- 6 =	<input type="text"/>
47	- 9 =	<input type="text"/>	51	- 6 =	<input type="text"/>
57	- 9 =	<input type="text"/>	61	- 6 =	<input type="text"/>
67	- 9 =	<input type="text"/>	71	- 6 =	<input type="text"/>

- 2 Extend these subtractions according to the patterns:

a	$9 - 6 =$	$90 - 60 =$	$900 - 600 =$
b	$14 - 8 =$	$140 - 80 =$	$1\ 400 - 800 =$
c	$24 - 14 =$		
d	$69 - 32 =$		

Subtraction mental strategies – subtraction strategy review

3 Use counting on to complete these:

a $32 - 29 =$

b $33 - 28 =$

c $34 - 27 =$

d $71 - 68 =$

e $82 - 76 =$

f $73 - 69 =$

g $83 - 77 =$

h $112 - 109 =$

i $201 - 196 =$

4 Complete these function tables using counting on:

a

In	Rule	Out
120	- 118	
123		
126		
124		

b

In	Rule	Out
102	- 96	
104		
108		
101		

c

In	Rule	Out
87	- 78	
81		
85		
83		

5 Complete this cross number puzzle. Using complements to 100 will help.

1			2		3		
		4			5		6
	7			8		9	
10			11			12	

Across

1 $100 - 80 =$

2 $100 - 89 =$

3 $100 - 5 =$

4 $100 - 28 =$

5 $100 - 22 =$

7 $100 - 64 =$

8 $100 - 49 =$

9 $100 - 61 =$

10 $100 - 52 =$

11 $100 - 66 =$

12 $100 - 75 =$

Down

1 $100 - 78 =$

2 $100 - 88 =$

3 $100 - 2 =$

4 $100 - 24 =$

5 $100 - 29 =$

6 $100 - 11 =$

7 $100 - 62 =$

8 $100 - 46 =$

9 $100 - 65 =$

Subtraction mental strategies – subtraction strategy review

6 Use your knowledge of doubles and near doubles to complete these subtraction tables. The first one in each has been done for you.

a

See	Think
$19 - 9 =$ <input type="text"/>	$(18 - 9) + 1$
$201 - 100 =$ <input type="text"/>	
$141 - 70 =$ <input type="text"/>	
$71 - 35 =$ <input type="text"/>	

b

See	Think
$15 - 8 =$ <input type="text"/>	$(16 - 8) - 1$
$31 - 16 =$ <input type="text"/>	
$99 - 50 =$ <input type="text"/>	
$87 - 44 =$ <input type="text"/>	

c

See	Think
$26 - 12 =$ <input type="text"/>	$(24 - 12) + 2$
$52 - 25 =$ <input type="text"/>	
$68 - 33 =$ <input type="text"/>	
$104 - 51 =$ <input type="text"/>	

d

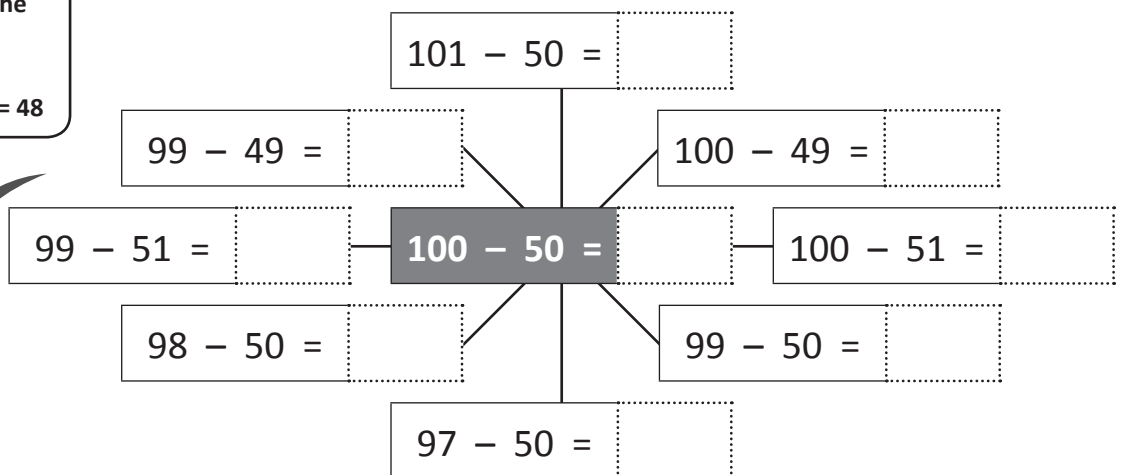
See	Think
$24 - 13 =$ <input type="text"/>	$(26 - 13) - 2$
$48 - 25 =$ <input type="text"/>	
$70 - 36 =$ <input type="text"/>	
$78 - 40 =$ <input type="text"/>	

7 Complete this near double web, which is based on the subtraction double in the centre. Start in the centre and work clockwise:

Start by looking at the first number.
For $99 - 51$, think $100 - 50$ subtract $2 = 48$



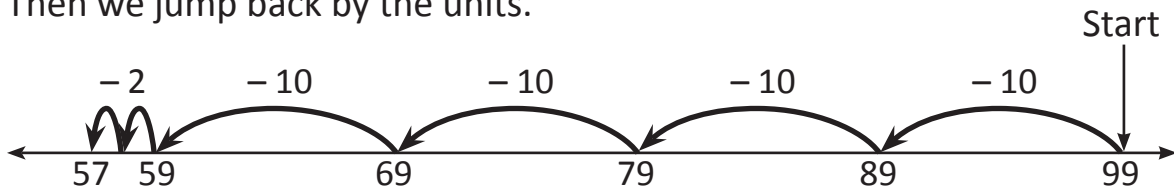
CHECK



Subtraction mental strategies – jump strategy

When we subtract, we can use the jump strategy to help us. Look at $99 - 42$:

- 1 First we jump back by the tens.
- 2 Then we jump back by the units.



$$99 - 42 = 57$$

1 Solve these using the jump strategy:

a $125 - 42 =$



b $168 - 36 =$



c $335 - 54 =$



d $245 - 45 =$



Subtraction mental strategies – jump strategy

- 2 It's stocktake time at Candilicious sweet shop. Use the jump strategy to work out how many of each type of sweet has been sold.



Sweets	Started with	Amount left	Sold
Cinnamon drops	254	45	
Caramel melts	186	58	
Milk bottles	145	65	
Chocolate buds	165	34	

- a Cinnamon drops

$$\square - \square = \square$$



- b Caramel melts

$$\square - \square = \square$$



- c Milk bottles

$$\square - \square = \square$$



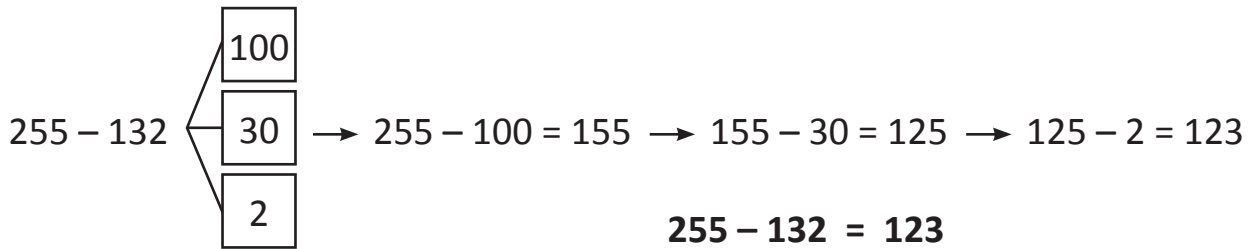
- d Chocolate buds

$$\square - \square = \square$$

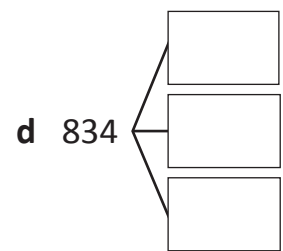
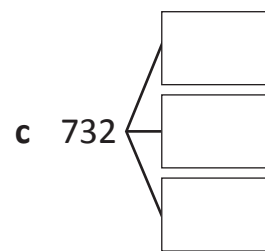
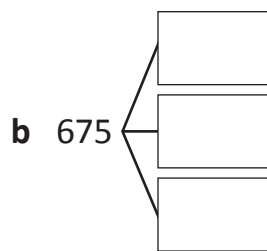
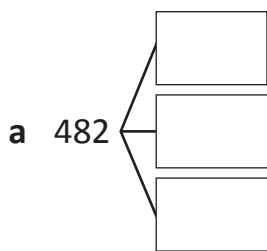


Subtraction mental strategies – split strategy

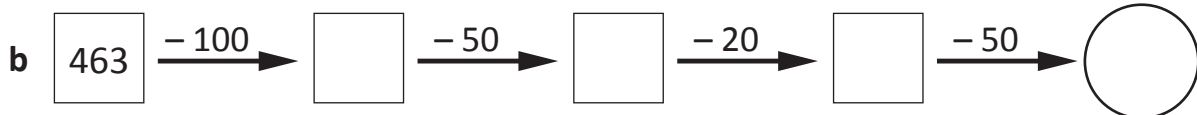
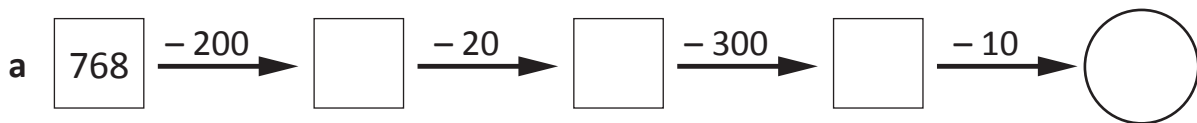
When subtracting large numbers in our heads it can be easier to split the number to be subtracted into parts and work with each part separately.



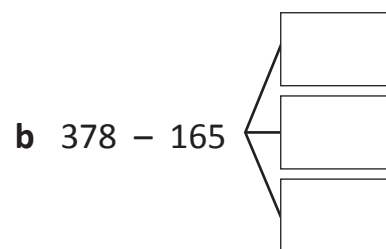
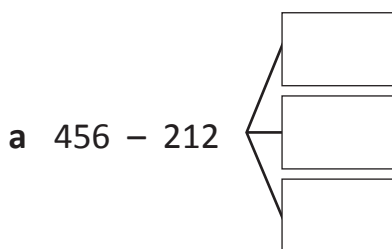
1 Practise splitting numbers into hundreds, tens and ones:



2 Complete these subtraction trails:



3 Use the split strategy with these problems:



$456 - 200 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 10 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

So, $456 - 212 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$378 - 100 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 60 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

So, $378 - 165 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Subtraction mental strategies – split strategy

4 Try these subtractions with the split strategy:

a $479 - 45 =$ _____

b $834 - 21 =$ _____

So, $479 - 45 =$ _____

So, $834 - 21 =$ _____

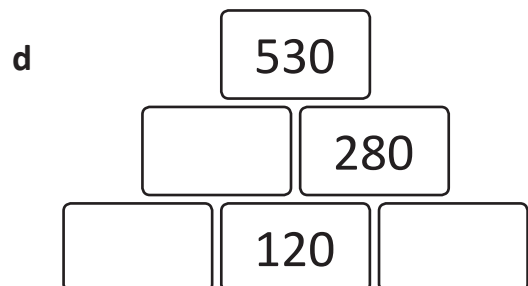
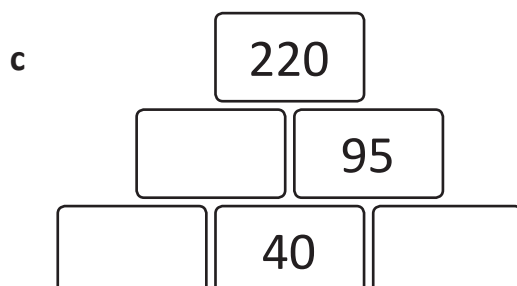
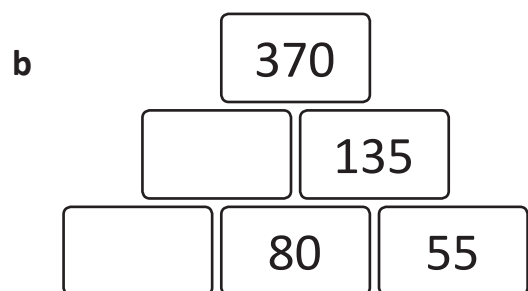
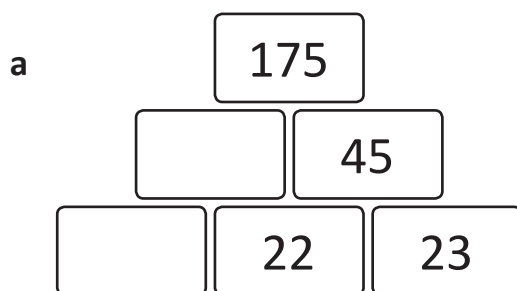
c $637 - 312 =$ _____

d $567 - 232 =$ _____

So, $637 - 312 =$ _____

So, $567 - 232 =$ _____

5 Solve these pyramid puzzles using any strategy you like. The two bricks add to support the number on top. For example in puzzle a, $22 + 23 = 45$.



Subtraction mental strategies – compensation strategy

Sometimes we round one number in the problem to make it easier to do in our heads. Then we adjust our answer to compensate:

$$125 - 49 = \boxed{76}$$

$$125 - 50 \text{ (+ 1)}$$

$$75 \text{ (+ 1)}$$

I rounded up by 1, which means I subtracted 1 extra so we need to add 1 back.

I took off 1 extra so I have to add 1 back.



THINK

1 Round these numbers to the closest ten. Then show how you rounded by subtracting or adding the difference. The first one has been done for you.

a $78 = 80 - 2$

b $59 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

c $62 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

d $23 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

e $87 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

f $99 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

g $103 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

h $21 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

i $88 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2 Solve these subtraction problems using compensation. Show your working.

a $136 - 29 = \boxed{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$136 - 30 \text{ (+ 1)}$$

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ()} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

b $145 - 38 = \boxed{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$145 - 40 \text{ (+ 2)}$$

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ()} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

c $156 - 39 = \boxed{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$156 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ ()}$$

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ()} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

d $184 - 48 = \boxed{\hspace{2cm}}$

$$184 - \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ ()}$$

$$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ ()} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$


Continued on page 25.


Subtraction mental strategies – compensation strategy

Continued from page 24.


2 Solve these subtraction problems using compensation. Show your working.


e $145 - 29 = \square$

$145 - 30$ 


  =


f $176 - 69 = \square$


  =


g $365 - 42 = \square$

  =

h $250 - 32 = \square$

  =

3 Answer these subtraction problems to solve the riddle below:

What swirls, loops, and circles on your fingertips, yet never moves?

a $65 - 29 = F$

b $145 - 32 = U$

c $175 - 61 = E$

d $86 - 59 = O$

e $180 - 48 = I$

f $150 - 32 = N$

g $96 - 42 = R$

h $75 - 33 = G$

i $155 - 49 = Y$

j $166 - 55 = P$

k $185 - 19 = T$

l $370 - 28 = S$

--	--	--	--

106 27 113 54

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

36 132 118 42 114 54 111 54 132 118 166 342



Getting ready

This is a game for two players. You will need a copy of this page and 25 counters between you.



copy



What to do

Player 1 covers a number on the grid with a counter and subtracts this number from 100. Player 2 then covers a number on the grid with a counter and subtracts this number from Player 1's answer. Play continues until a player is able to pick one of the remaining uncovered numbers to equal zero. If play continues without anyone reaching zero, the lowest difference wins.

Sample game:

Player 1 covers 20 with a counter and states the subtraction fact:
 $100 - 20 = 80$

Player 2 covers 30 with a counter and states the next subtraction fact:
 $80 - 30 = 50$

Player 1 then covers 50 and reaches zero first, so wins the round.

25	10	15	20	10
10	50	30	10	25
40	5	40	10	10
10	35	10	15	10
50	10	5	10	45



What to do



Complete these subtraction cross number puzzles:

a

125	−	75	=	
−		−		−
53	−		=	14
=		=		=
	−	36	=	

b

350	−	228	=	
−		−		−
165	−		=	54
=		=		=
	−	117	=	68